Gathering for Social Class

Words of the Day

I think about class when …

Chalice Lighting

We light this chalice to shine on our time together. In its light we celebrate the relationships and understanding we are creating in this place and time. May our sharing be deep. (Light chalice)

The Basket

Sharing of Joys and Concerns

Silence, holding ourselves and others in shared support

Shared Readings

Much of what is today called “social criticism” consists of members of the upper classes denouncing the tastes of the lower classes (bawdy entertainment, fast food, plentiful consumer goods) while considering themselves egalitarians. Steven Pinker

When I was a cashier at a food co-op, I hated it when members would say, “Have a great week-end,” assuming that I had 2-day weekends off! Lori Wyman

Our theology says this vision to “begin the world anew” must be with all kinds of people, not just with the social circle we create or like-minded liberals. It must be practiced in an ever-intentional manner and in ever-widening circles if our faith is going to be truly transformational. Mark W. Harris

… true cultural barriers can’t be separated from structural barriers. They are intimates; often, they feed off one another. Erin Keane

Formal education gets confused with intelligence, leading to a worldview in which people become problems to be solved or burdens to be dealt with rather than human beings who deserve respect. This kind of disregard may be unintentional, but its effects are real, lasting, and harmful. Whatever our political leanings, we can and should be better than this. The Rev. Dan Schatz

One way our upper class can promote upward mobility, then, is not only by pushing wise public policies but by opening their hearts and minds to the newcomers who don’t quite belong. J.D. Vance, Hillbilly Elegy: A Memoir of a Family and Culture in Crisis

Advanced degrees do not guarantee middle-class income, and lower- or working-class origins do not guarantee limited education. A Preliminary Report on Class in the Unitarian Universalist Association, 2015
Preparation for Class

Betsy Leondar-Wright, founder of classmatters.org, offers the following definition of class: “Class is relative status according to income, wealth, power and/or position.”

As a starting point, Leondar-Wright proposes four classes based chiefly on economic security, education, and occupation. The owning class has enough income from assets that they do not need to work. They attend elite schools and can afford luxuries and multiple homes. The professional middle class is largely college educated. People in this class usually own a home, can afford some luxuries, and have some control over their working conditions. The working class typically does not have a 4-year degree, works at a job involving physical labor or limited control over working conditions, and often rents or owns a very modest home. The low-income class is a subset of the working class with lower economic security, often using public benefits and experiencing life disruptions.

But as the PBS documentary “People Like Us” notes, class isn’t just an abstract concept, it’s something that people deal with in their everyday lives. It influences where we live; what we eat; and how we socialize, speak, and spend our time.

Our different experiences result in different values, and it can be all too easy to confuse class values with moral values. The classmatters.org site describes values typically held by social classes. The upper-middle-class tends to be “future-oriented,” seeing life as “individualistic and transformative,” while the working class tends to be “present-oriented,” with life as “tangled webs of relationships.” Yet many upper-middle-class people yearn to live more in the present and to have more relationships.

Similarly, upper-middle class people often look down on the food, clothing, and entertainment choices of the working class and lower-income classes. For example, the social network Pinterest includes hundreds of “white trash party” ideas with tongue-in-cheek menus and purposely misspelled invitations. In contrast, the “Kentucky Derby party” posts are spoof-free, with tutorials for flower arrangements and mint juleps. What makes one set of choices more “deserving” of satire? Does it feel safer to oversimplify class than to confront its complexities?

The reality is that classes include people of varied race, culture, and politics – but the middle and owning classes are disproportionately white. Women, people of color, and children are more likely to be in the lower-income and working class. Gender, race, sexual orientation, able-bodiedness, and other identities influence how we experience class, as different types of oppression overlap and interact. The African-American scholar and advocate Kimberlé Crenshaw coined the term “intersectionality” to describe this phenomenon.

As UUs, our traditions and sources call us to fight all forms of oppression, yet class bias can sneak into our churches. A Preliminary Report on Class in the Unitarian Universalist Association (June 16, 2015) notes that class issues surface in assumptions about car ownership, the ability to pay for church activities or denominational events, and even literacy.

The report quotes a participant in a UUA General Assembly workshop: “From age 20 to 51 I did not attend any UU church. Part of the reason was because I assumed I would now be out of place due to income and education.” Another participant remembered an instance when many people in a forum met for brunch in a “yuppie” restaurant that s/he could neither afford nor appreciate. When we inadvertently alienate potential members, the stereotype that UUs are upper middle class becomes self-fulfilling. Exploring our own experiences with and views on class is vital to affirming and promoting the inherent worth and dignity of every human being.
The middle classes and upper classes don’t know whether they want to transform [the working class] and make them middle class, or withdraw from them, romanticize them, demonize them. I don’t think we’ve ever quite gotten to the point where we just sort of understand each other. John Dilulio

What a strange thing that money can make us ashamed if we have too little of it and ashamed if we have too much of it. The Rev. Rob Hardies, All Souls Unitarian Church, Washington, DC

From a young age, I was rubbing elbows with a very different kind of person and social class, and I felt a lot of tension and conflict in my identity because of that. David Lindsay-Abaire, playwright

There will be no mass-based feminist movement as long as feminist ideas are understood only by a well-educated few. bell hooks, Feminist Theory: From Margin to Center

Socialism never took root in America because the poor see themselves not as an exploited proletariat but as temporarily embarrassed millionaires. Ronald Wright, A Short History of Progress

Even now, the notion of a broad and supple middle class functions as a mighty balm, a smoke screen. We cling to the comfort of the middle class, forgetting that there can’t be a middle class without a lower. Nancy Isenberg, White Trash: The 400-Year Untold History of Class in America

Questions to Ponder

1. Do you feel like you fit into any of Leondar-Wright’s categories? Why or why not?
2. What was your family’s view of class? Has your view changed as an adult?
3. Watch the PBS documentary “People Like Us” – it’s long, but even the first part is interesting. https://vimeo.com/122468054/
4. Do you feel any conflicts of class identity within yourself?
5. In your experience, how has your class identity intersected with other aspects of your identity? (e.g., gender, race, or sexual orientation.)
6. Do you think that you have any unconscious assumptions about class?
7. Describe an experience where a class difference between yourself and another person or group left you uncomfortable.
8. Do you feel that our church should attempt to include different classes? Would such attempts work?

Words of the Day

Before coming to the gathering, think of few words, phrases, or metaphors that describe situations when class is “on your radar.” The prompt for this activity will be to complete this sentence: “I think about class when …”
… studies show that a married woman’s sense of class identity reflects her husband’s job, her own job, and her attitude toward gender roles. 

Dennis Gilbert

An imbalance between rich and poor is the oldest and most fatal ailment of all republics. 

Plutarch

One way to think of a person’s position in society is to imagine a hand of cards. Everyone is dealt four cards, one from each suit: education, income, occupation, and wealth, the four commonly used criteria for gauging class. 

Janny Scott and David Leonhardt, Class Matters

Deep Sharing/Deep Listening

Round 1: Share your responses to social class and the materials.

Round 2: Share additional thoughts or reflect on what others have shared.

Closing Circle

Extinguishing the Chalice

We extinguish this flame and we remember the warmth of our community, the light of our wisdom, the generosity of our sharing. We keep these in our heart until we meet again. (Extinguish the chalice.)

Song/Chime

Announcements

The Covenant

I commit myself:

• to come to meetings when I possibly can, knowing that my presence is important to the group
• to let the facilitator know if I will be absent or need to quit
• to share with the facilitator the responsibility for good group process by watching how much time I take to speak and noticing what is going on for others
• to do the reading and thinking about the topic ahead of time
• to not gossip about what is shared in the group, and tell only my own story to others
• to honor the safety of the group by listening to what others share with an open heart
• to refrain from cross-talk, judging, giving advice, or advocating a specific view
• to share as deeply as I can when it is my turn and to stay on the “I-message.”